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CARDI

**Technical Report No. 13
Soil and Water Sciences Division**

**Soil Survey of the
Province Battambang,
The Kingdom of Cambodia**



June 2007. Phnom Penh. Cambodia

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**Covering the District of Banan with additional soil profiles from the Districts of
Kamrieng, Phnum Proek, Thma Koul and Rotanak Mondol.**

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**ACIAR Project No. LWR1/2001/051
Assessing Land Suitability for Crop Diversification in Cambodia and Australia**



June 2007. Phnom Penh. Cambodia

Introduction

From 2003 to 2005 soil surveys were completed in the Kingdom of Cambodia as part of a collaborative project between the Cambodian Agricultural Research and Development Institute (CARDI), Murdoch University and Department of Agriculture and Food Western Australia. The project was funded by the Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research.

This report provides the results of soil profile descriptions and soil chemical analysis completed in the Province of Battambang (Figure 1). Most of the soil profiles in this report are from the District of Banan with additional soil profiles from the Districts of Kamrieng, Phnum Proek, Thma Koul and Rotanak Mondol. The locations of soil profiles in this report have been georeferenced and are shown overlaid on a Landsat mosaic image (Figure 2) (images collected from 1989 to 1994; Source for this dataset was the Global Land Cover Facility, <http://www.landcover.org>).

Materials and Method

Soil Profile Description

Soil profiles were described using a combination of codes and definitions from the Food and Agriculture Organisation and the Department of Agriculture and Food Western Australia (FAO-ISRIC 1990; Purdie 1999; FAO-CSIC 2002). These codes and descriptions were compiled into a booklet entitled 'Dataset and Code Definitions for the Soil Survey of Cambodia'. A data sheet for recording soil profile information at each site was also produced. Soil profiles were classified using the Cambodian Agronomic Soil Classification (CASC) (White et al. 1997) and World Reference Base for Soil Resources (IUSS 2006).

Soil Chemical Analysis

Laboratory analysis was completed on all horizons for a selection of the soil profiles. These soil samples were analysed by CSBP laboratories in Western Australia. All soil samples were air-dried, ground and sieved (<2 mm particle diameter). The following tests were used (i) electrical conductivity and pH in 1:5 soil:water suspension and pH in 0.01M CaCl₂ (Rayment and Higginson 1992, pp15-23); (ii) organic carbon concentrations, (Walkley and Black 1934); (iii) concentration of exchangeable cations, Gilman and Sumpter method (Rayment and Higginson 1992, pp 164-169); (iv) DPTA trace elements (copper, Cu; zinc, Zn; manganese, Mn; iron, Fe) (Rayment and Higginson 1992, pp 110-114); (v) nitrate and ammonium nitrogen (Searle 1984); (vi) available phosphorus and potassium, Colwell method (Rayment and Higginson 1992, p 64); (vii) extractable sulphur (Blair et al. 1991); (viii) boron (Rayment and Higginson 1992, pp 115-120). The soil chemical data can be found in Tables 1 to 3 at the end of this report.

Data Collection and Reporting

For each soil profile, location information was collected using a hand held GPS. This has enabled mapping of the data, and will enable users of the data in the field to return to soil profile locations. All soil profile data has been placed into an Access database currently maintained by the Soil and Water Group at CARDI. Other districts included in this study were Ou Reang Ov in the Province of Kampong Cham and Tram Kak in the Province of

Takeo. Results of these surveys can be found in soil survey reports for each district. In addition the results of these soil surveys have been used to generate soil-land unit maps of each district (Hin et al. 2005a,b,c) and assist in the assessment of land capability for field crops in each district (Bell et al. 2005a,b).

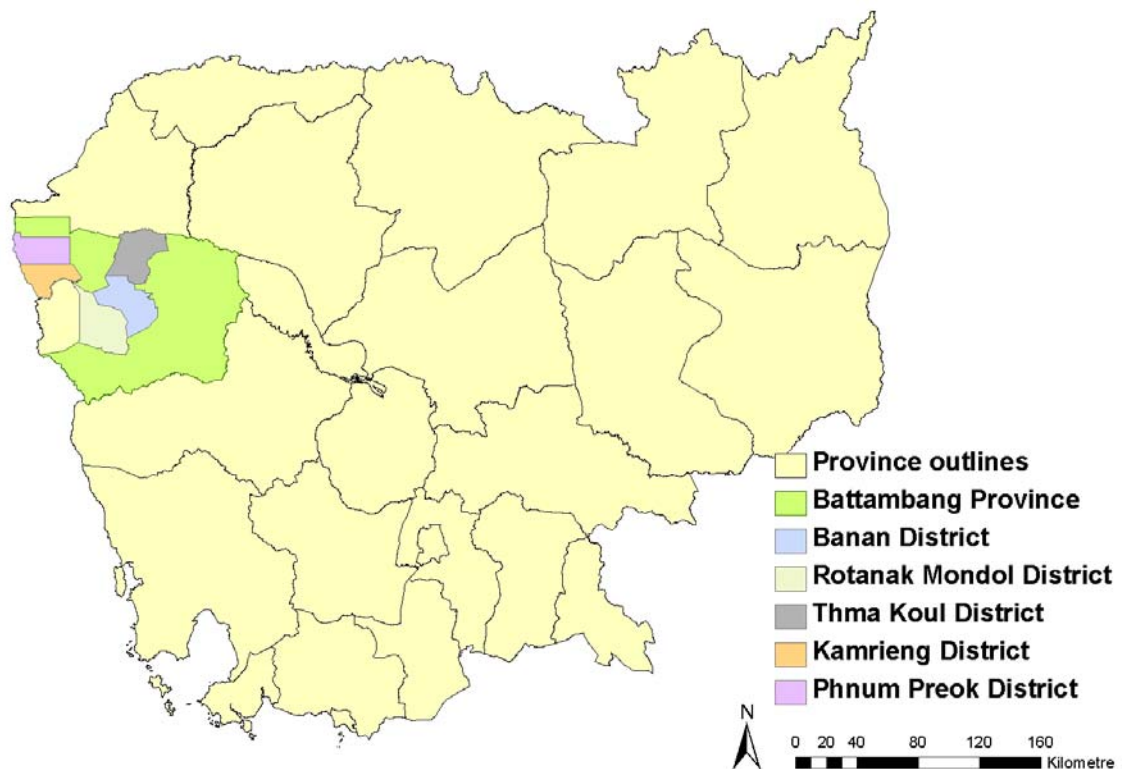


Figure 1. Province of Battambang and Districts within where soil profiles were analysed.

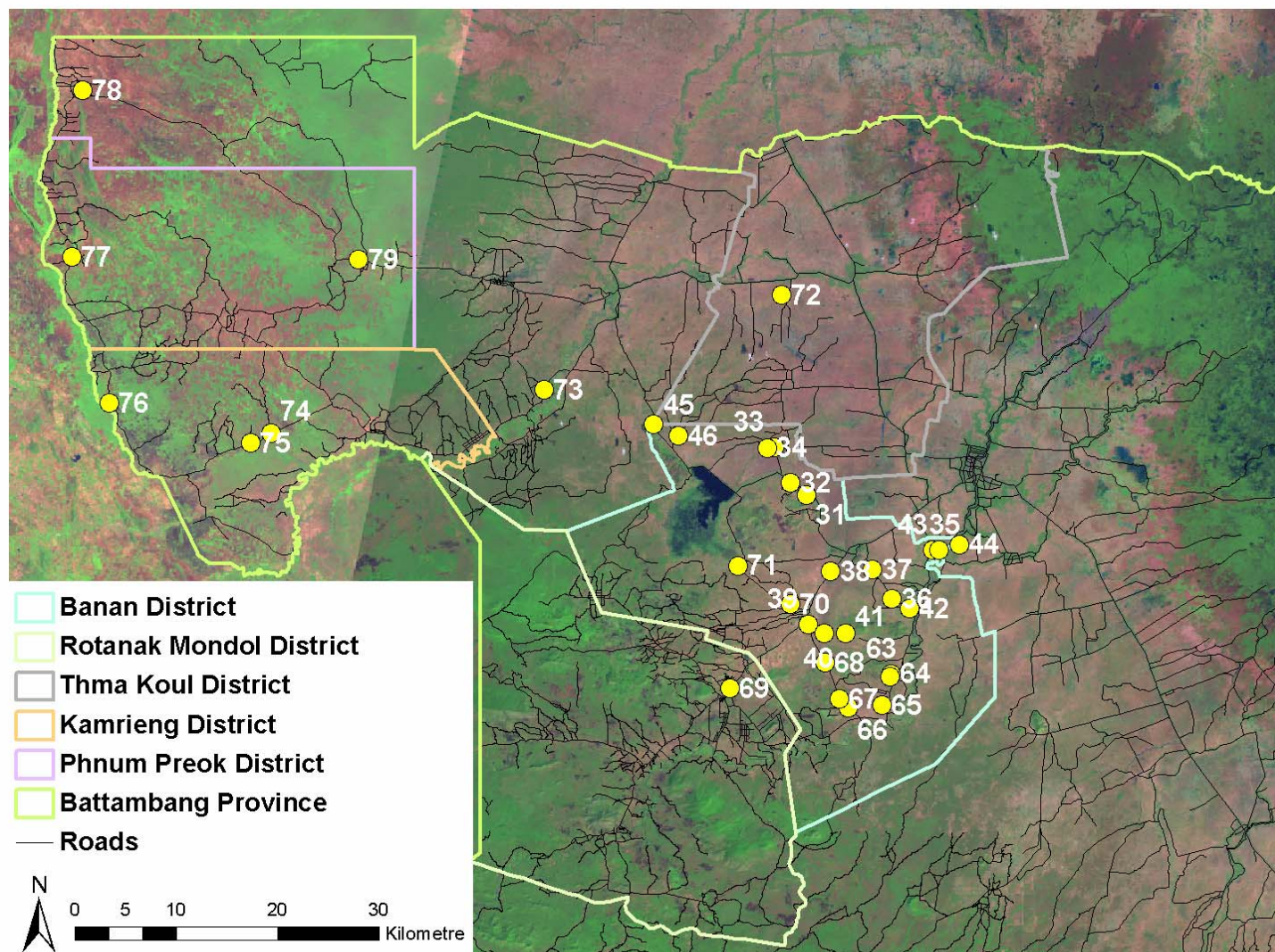


Figure 2. Soil survey sites in the Province of Battambang

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0031

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 4/2/2004

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 288761 mE 1445515 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Ta Kream

Village: Thmei

Site notes: Soil classifies as Kompong Siem, but very different to soil in basalt in Kampong Cham Province

Disturbance: ploughing

Trials completed: MWS 2004, MWS 2005

Landform

Landform element: slope

Relief/modal slope: low-gradient footslope

Morphological type: lower slope

Microrelief: uneven

Landform pattern: pediment

Slope class: gently sloping, 2-5%

Slope curvature: straight

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Physical properties: surface crust

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: limestone, other carbonate rock

Notes: Limestone colluvium

Geology: limestone, other carbonate rock

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Calcic Chernozem (clayic)

Local Soil Name: Kompong Siem, non gravelly phase



Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1t	0-8	very dark grey (2.5YR 3/0 moist) clay ; hard dry consistence; pedal, moderate, subangular blocky structure; rough-ped fabric; no segregations; many roots, very fine, non-cemented and non-compacted; common, fine and medium, medium porosity, vughs void; clear, smooth boundary.
A2t	8-30	very dark grey (2.5YR 3/0 moist) heavy clay; firm moist consistence; pedal, moderate, medium, subangular blocky structure; rough-ped fabric; very few segregations, very fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white hard; few roots, very fine, non-cemented and non-compacted; gradual, wavy boundary.
ACk	30-45	dark grey (5YR 4/1 moist) clay; firm moist consistence; pedal, weak, medium, subangular blocky structure; rough-ped fabric; many segregations, very fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white both hard and soft; no roots, non-cemented and non-compacted; abrupt, wavy boundary.
Ck	45-100+	pinkish grey (5YR 7/2 moist) clay; medium faint reddish brown (5YR 4/3 moist) biological mottles; friable moist consistence; weak, medium, subangular blocky structure; dominant segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white both hard and soft; no roots, non-cemented and non-compacted.



Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0032

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 4/2/2004

Observation type/category: auger boring, brief description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 287213 mE 1446779 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Ta Kream

Village: Thmei

Site notes: Same soil as site 31, but deeper to lime layer

Disturbance: ploughing

Trials completed: EWS 2004, EWS 2005

Landform

Landform element: slope

Landform pattern: pediment

Slope class: very gently sloping, 1-2%

Microrelief: uneven

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Rock outcrop: no rock

Surface coarse fragments: no gravel

Physical properties: cracking surface

Vegetation

Crop: rice

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Calcic Chernozem (clayic)

Local Soil Name: Kompong Siem, non gravelly phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1t	0-24	very dark grey (5YR 3/1 moist) clay; very hard dry consistence; weak structure.
A2t	24-61	dusky red (2.5YR 3/1 moist) heavy clay; firm moist consistence; very few segregations, very fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white hard.
ACk	61-75	dark grey (5YR 4/1 moist) clay; firm moist consistence; many segregations, very fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white both hard and soft.
Ck	75-90+	light grey (10YR 7/2 moist) clay; friable consistence; dominant segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white both hard and soft.



Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0033

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 4/2/2004

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 285603 mE 1450277 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Ta Kream

Village: Prey Phdau

Site notes: Cracking clay - Vertisol

Disturbance: ploughing

Landform

Slope class: nearly level, 0.5-1%

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Physical properties: cracking surface

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: shifting cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base:(2006) Mollic Vertisol (calcaric)

Local Soil Name: Kompong Siem, non gravelly phase



Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1	0-3	very dark grey (5YR 3/1 moist) clay; very hard consistence; strong, medium, granular structure; very few segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white hard; many roots, fine; common, fine, vughs void; sharp, wavy boundary.
A2t	3-30	very dark grey (7.5YR 3/0 moist) heavy clay; extremely hard consistence, sticky; strong, very coarse, angular and subangular blocky structure; dominant segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white both hard and soft; common roots, fine; few, fine, vughs void; clear, wavy boundary.
AB	30-60	dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2 moist) clay; firm consistence, sticky; moderate, coarse, angular and subangular blocky structure; very few segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white hard; few roots, fine; common, fine, vughs void; gradual, wavy boundary.
B	60-100	dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2 moist) clay; firm consistence, sticky; strong, coarse, angular blocky structure; many segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white both hard and soft; no roots; few, fine, vughs void; abrupt, wavy boundary.
BC	100-110+	white (2.5Y 8/2 moist) clay; firm consistence; massive structure; common segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule rounded white both hard and soft; no roots; few, fine, vughs void.



Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0034

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 4/2/2004

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 284860 mE 1450240 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Ta Kream

Village:

Site notes: Gently undulating alluvial plain next to small creek

Trials completed: MWS 2004, MWS 2005

Landform

Landform pattern: alluvial plain

Relief/modal slope: plain

Slope class: nearly level, 0.5-1%

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Surface coarse fragments: no gravel

Physical properties: cracking surface

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: fluvial

Notes: clayey alluvium

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation



Current Classification

World Reference Base:(2006) Haplic Vertisol (mesotrophic)

Local Soil Name: Toul Samroung, brown phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1	0-10	brown (7.5YR 4/2 moist) clay loam; fine distinct mottles; hard dry consistence; weak, fine, subangular blocky structure; many roots, very fine; no coarse fragments; moderate permeability; medium porosity void; sharp, smooth boundary.
A2	10-40	brown (7.5YR 5/2 moist), pinkish grey (7.5YR 6/2 dry) clay; fine distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4 moist) redox mottles; slightly hard dry consistence; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; very few segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion rounded soft; common roots, fine; no coarse fragments; rapid permeability; medium porosity void; clear, wavy boundary.
B1t	40-80	pinkish grey (7.5YR 6/2 moist) heavy clay; reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4 moist) redox mottles; firm moist consistence, sticky; moderate, medium, angular and subangular blocky structure; few segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion rounded soft; few roots, fine; no coarse fragments; slow permeability; very low porosity void; gradual, wavy boundary.
B2t	80-100+	pinkish grey (7.5YR 6/2 moist) heavy clay; fine distinct red (2.5YR 4/6 moist) redox mottles; firm moist consistence, sticky; moderate, medium, angular and subangular blocky structure; few segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion rounded soft; few roots; no coarse fragments; slow permeability; very low porosity void.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0035

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 5/2/2004

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 301268 mE 1440063 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Chheu Teal

Village: Khnar

Site notes: Soil pit and trial site. Soil transitions to Kein Svay soil group.

Trials completed: EWS 2004, EWS 2005

Landform

Landform pattern: alluvial plain

Slope class: level, 0.2 - 0.5%

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Physical properties: cracking surface

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: fluvial

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base:(2006) Haplic Vertisol (mesotrophic)

Local Soil Name: Toul Samroung, brown phase



Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A	0-10	brown (10YR 4/3 moist) clay; firm dry consistence; pedal, moderate, medium, subangular blocky structure; rough-ped fabric; common roots, fine; clear, smooth boundary.
Bt	10-50	dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2 moist) clay; fine faint strong brown (7.5YR 5/6 moist) redox mottles; firm moist consistence; pedal, strong, coarse, subangular and angular blocky structure; rough-ped fabric; few roots, fine; gradual, wavy boundary.
BC	50-85	dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2 moist) clay; fine distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6 moist) redox mottles; firm moist consistence; pedal, weak, coarse, angular and subangular blocky structure; rough-ped fabric; few segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion irregular soft; few roots, fine; diffuse, wavy boundary.
C	85-130+	brown (10YR 5/3 moist) sandy clay loam; medium distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6 moist) redox mottles; friable moist consistence; common segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion irregular soft; no roots.



Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0042

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 6/2/2004

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 298956 mE 1434258 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Chheu Teal

Village:

Site notes: Good alluvial soil - brown and few mottles. 700m from Sang Kae River

Trials completed: MWS 2004, EWS 2005

Landform

Landform pattern: alluvial plain

Relief/modal slope: plain

Slope class: nearly level, 0.5 - 1.0 %

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Rock outcrop: no rock

Surface coarse fragments: no gravel

Physical properties: firm surface;
moderately well drained; >150 soil

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: fluvial

Note: Clayey alluvium

Vegetation

Notes: chilli, last crop



Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base:(2006) Haplic Cambisol (clayic)

Local Soil Name: Kein Svay, no phase specified

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A	0-16	brown (7.5YR 4/3 moist) clay loam; no mottles; hard consistence; pedal, moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; rough-ped fabric; no segregations; many roots, fine.
B	16-60	brown (7.5YR 4/2 moist) clay; no mottles; firm consistence; pedal,; smooth-ped
BC	60-110+	brown (7.5YR 4/2 moist) clay; common fine faint light brown (7.5YR 6/4 moist) redox mottles; firm consistence; pedal,; smooth-ped fabric; many segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) rounded black soft; many roots, medium.



Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0063**Described by:** Schoknecht Noel
Date: 18/05/2005

Observation type/category: auger boring, observation**Location:** Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 297111 mE 1427803 mN GPS measurement**Province:** BATTAMBANG
Commune: Kantueu Muoy**District:** Banan
Village: Sasar Pok**Site notes:** This soil does not fit within Cambodian Agronomic Soil Classification well. It is most like Kompong Siem, but there are no rocks in the profile and it is not deeply cracking. Has carbonates in subsoil.**Disturbance:** ploughing**Landform***Landform element:* slope*Relief/modal Slope:* low-gradient footslope*Morphological type:* Lower slope*Landform pattern:* pediment*Slope class:* gently sloping 2-5%*Slope curvature:* straight**Surface and Hydrological Properties***Physical properties:* surface crust surface**Vegetation***Crop:* peanut (groundnut)*Notes:* Cleared. Peanut grow well, but doesn't set fruit.**Current Classification***World Reference Base:* (2006) Gramic Vertisol (mesotrophic)*Local Soil Name:* Kompong Siem, non gravelly phase**Soil Profile Description**

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
Ap	0-12	very dark greyish brown (10YR 3/2 moist) silty clay; no mottles; friable moist consistence, plastic; strong, fine, granular structure; moderate permeability; abrupt, smooth boundary.
B1	12-40	greyish brown (10YR 5/2 moist) clay; common fine faint yellowish red (5YR 4/6 moist) mottles; very firm moist consistence, plastic; strong, coarse, subangular blocky structure; slow permeability; gradual boundary.
B2	40-90+	grey (10YR 5/1 moist) clay; firm moist consistence, very plastic; slow permeability.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0064

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 18/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, brief description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 297051 mE 1427549 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Kantueu Muoy

Village:

Site notes: Typical black soil at base of limestone hills. Calcareous sub soil.

Disturbance: clearing

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Calcic Chernozem (clayic)

Local Soil Name: Kompong Siem, non gravelly phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
Ap	0-20	very dark grey (10YR 3/1 moist) clay; strong, fine, granular structure.
B	20-80	dark grey (10YR 4/1 moist) clay; strong, medium, subangular blocky structure.
BC	80-110	dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2 moist) clay.
C	110-140	white (10YR 8/2 moist).

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0066

Described by: Schoknecht Noel
Date: 18/05/2005

Observation type/category: auger boring, observation

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 292892 mE 1424405 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Chaeng Mean Chey

Village: Thngor

Site notes: Beside road. Shallow pit + core auger sampling

Disturbance: irrigation unspecified

Landform

Landform element: flood plain

Landform pattern: alluvial plain

Relief/modal slope: plain

Slope class: level, 0.2-0.5%

Morphological type: Bottom (drainage line)

Slope curvature: straight

Microrelief: even

Vegetation

Crop: rice

Notes: Cleared- Scattered mango and neem trees.

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Vertisol

Local Soil Name: Toul Samroung, brown phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
Ap	0-15	brown (10YR 4/3 moist) clay; few fine faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) mottles; strong, very fine, subangular blocky structure; few segregations, fine iron-manganese (sesquioxides) concretion rounded hard.
B	15-90+	pale brown (10YR 6/3 moist) clay; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) mottles; few segregations, fine iron-manganese (sesquioxides) concretion rounded hard.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0067**Described by:** Schoknecht Noel**Date:** 18/05/2005

Observation type/category: Soil Pit, Full description**Location:** Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 292000 mE 1425336 mN GPS measurement**Province:** BATTAMBANG**District:** Banan**Commune:** Chaeng Mean Chey**Village:** Thngor**Site notes:** Gentle footslope below hills.**Landform***Microrelief:* even**Vegetation***Crop:* peanut (groundnut)**Current Classification***World Reference Base:* (2006) Haplic Vertisol*Local Soil Name:* Toul Samroung, brown phase**Soil Profile Description**

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
Ap	0-10	dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2 moist) clay; no mottles; firm moderately moist consistence; moderate, very fine, subangular blocky structure; common segregations, very fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion rounded black hard; non-cemented and non-compacted; clear boundary.
A	10-50	yellowish brown (10YR 5/4 moist) clay; few fine faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) mottles; firm moist consistence; moderate, medium, subangular blocky structure; common segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion rounded black hard; non-cemented and non-compacted; gradual boundary.
B	50-90	weak red (2.5YR 4/2 moist) heavy clay; few fine faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) mottles; very firm moist consistence; strong, coarse, angular blocky structure; smooth-ped fabric; few segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion rounded black hard; non-cemented and non-compacted; gradual boundary.
BC	90-100+	brown (10YR 4/3 moist) clay; few fine faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) mottles; firm moist consistence; weak, medium, subangular blocky structure; few segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) concretion rounded hard; non-cemented and non-compacted.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0069

Described by: Schoknecht Noel
Date: 18/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, observation

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 281192 mE 1426337 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG
Commune: Sdau

District: Rotanak Mondol
Village:

Site notes: Brown loam surface grading to yellow clay. Sandstone rock in pit. WRB: Agrisol or Regosol. Very gentle slopes surrounding hills.

Landform

Landform element: slope

Slope class: nearly level, 0.5-1%

Slope curvature: straight

Relief/modal slope: level land

Morphological type: lower slope

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: colluvial

Geology: sandstone, greywacke, arkose

Notes: sandstone

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Haplic Lixisol

Local Soil Name: No equivalent

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
	0-25	dark brown (7.5YR 3/2 moist) loam; moist soil; weak, fine, subangular blocky structure; gradual boundary.
	25-80	yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) clay; common fine faint dark greyish brown (10YR 4/2 moist) mottles; moderate, medium, subangular blocky structure.
	80+	

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0070

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 18/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 287143 mE 1434700 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Banan

Commune: Snoeng

Village: Peak Sbaek

Site notes: Similar to Prateah Lang soil group, although heavier and weakly structured in top soil

Disturbance: ploughing

Landform

Landform pattern: alluvial plain

Relief/modal slope: plain

Slope class: level, 0.2-0.5%

Slope type: intermediate part

Microrelief: even

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Rock outcrop: no rock

Surface coarse fragments: no gravel or stones

Physical properties: hardsetting surface; cryptogam surface; 100-150 cm soil

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: Fluvial

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Vegetation

Crop: Rice

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Plinthic Acrisol

Local Soil Name: Prateah Lang, clayey subsoil phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1p	0-40	light brown (7.5YR 6/4 moist), pinkish grey (7.5YR 7/3 dry) sandy loam; many fine distinct reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6 moist) redox mottles; hard dry consistence; weak, medium, subangular blocky structure; few segregations, fine iron-manganese (sesquioxides) concretion rounded brown hard; few roots, fine non-cemented and non-compacted; no coarse fragments; clear, smooth boundary.
A2	40-75	light brown (7.5YR 6/4 moist), pinkish grey (7.5YR 7/2 dry) sandy clay loam; common medium distinct red (10R 4/6 moist) mottles; hard dry consistence; moderate, medium, subangular blocky structure; no roots, non-cemented and non-compacted; no coarse fragments; clear, smooth boundary.
B1t	75-100	pinkish grey (7.5YR 6/3 moist) light clay; common medium distinct brownish yellow (10YR 6/6 moist) mottles; very hard dry consistence; moderate, coarse, subangular blocky structure; no roots, non-cemented and non-compacted; no coarse fragments; abrupt, smooth boundary.
B2t	100-145+	pale brown (10YR 6/3 moist) light clay; many coarse distinct reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6 moist) redox mottles; firm moist consistence; weak, coarse, subangular blocky structure; common segregations, fine manganese (manganiferous) soft segregation elongated soft; no roots, non-cemented and non-compacted; no coarse fragments.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0072

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 19/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 286286 mE 1465434mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Thma Koul

Commune: Bansay Traeng

Village: Thmei

Site notes: Pit in paddy fields. Vertisol cracks throughout profile. Brown phase of Toul Samrong soil group. Cracking at least 5 mm wide

Disturbance: ploughing

Landform

Landform pattern: alluvial plain

Relief/modal slope: plain

Slope class: flat

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Rock outcrop: no rock

Surface coarse fragments: no gravel or stones

Physical properties: cracking surface; >150 soil

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: Fluvial

Notes: alluvium

Vegetation

Crop: Rice

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Haplic Vertisol

Local Soil Name: Toul Samroung, brown phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1p	0-7	light brown (7.5YR 6/4 moist) clay; few fine distinct reddish yellow (7.5YR 7/8 moist) mottles; friable moist consistence, plastic; strong, fine, subangular blocky structure; no segregations; many roots, fine; no coarse fragments; sharp, smooth boundary.
A2	7-26	pinkish grey (7.5YR 6/2 moist) clay; many fine distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6 moist) redox mottles; hard dry consistence; strong, medium, subangular blocky structure; no segregations; many roots, fine; no coarse fragments; sharp, wavy boundary
A3	26-80	light brownish grey (10YR 6/2 moist) clay; many fine faint brown (7.5YR 4/3 moist) redox mottles; very hard dry consistence; very coarse, angular blocky structure; no segregations; few roots, fine; no coarse fragments; gradual, wavy boundary.
C	80-110+	grey (10YR 5/1 moist) heavy clay; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4 moist) redox mottles; firm moist consistence; very coarse, subangular blocky structure; no segregations; few roots, fine; no coarse fragments.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0074

Described by: Schoknecht Noel

Date: 19/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 235865 mE 1451665 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Kamrieng

Commune: Ou Da

Village: Tang Yu

Site notes: Soil of Colluvial origin in small quarry. Colluvium looks like carbonate nodules. Like Labansiek soil group on carbonate colluvium

Disturbance: borrow pit

Landform

Landform element: slope

Relief/modal slope: low-gradient footslope

Slope class: gently sloping 2-5%

Slope curvature: convex

Microrelief: even

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Physical properties: self-mulching surface; well drained; 25-50 cm soil

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: colluvial

Vegetation

Crop: Maize

Land use

Site: Maize

Surrounds: Maize

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Calcisol

Local Soil Name: Labansiek, no phase specified (notes: shallow calcareous)

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A	0-20	dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3 moist) clay loam; no mottles; friable moist consistence; strong, fine, granular structure.
AC	20-45	reddish brown (5YR 4/4 moist) clay; no mottles; very friable moist consistence; strong, fine, granular structure; many coarse fragments subrounded coarse gravel colluvial.
C1	45-70	reddish yellow (5YR 7/6 moist); no mottles; friable moist consistence; abundant coarse fragments subrounded coarse gravel colluvial.
C2	70-120+	; no mottles; firm moist consistence; weakly cemented, nodular, carbonates continuous pan; subrounded coarse gravel colluvial.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0075

Described by: Hin Sarith

Date: 20/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 233847 mE 1450724 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Kamrieng

Commune: Ou Da

Village: Lumphat

Site notes: Closest soil group is Toul Samroung. Deep cracks still seen although some rain has fallen.

Disturbance: clearing

Landform

Landform pattern: alluvial plain

Relief/modal slope: plain

Slope class: level 0.2-0.5%

Microrelief: even

Vegetation

Crop: Sesame

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Vertisol

Local Soil Name: Toul Samroung, brown phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1p	0-18	brown (10YR 4/3 moist) clay; slightly hard moist consistence; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; no segregations; many roots, fine, non-cemented and non-compacted; no coarse fragments; medium porosity void; abrupt, smooth boundary.
A2	18-60	brown (7.5YR 5/3 moist) heavy clay ; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) mottles; very hard dry consistence; moderate, coarse, subangular blocky structure; no segregations; few roots, fine, non-cemented and non-compacted; no coarse fragments; low porosity void; clear, smooth boundary.
C	60-100+	dark grey (10YR 4/1 moist) heavy clay; no mottles; very firm moderately moist consistence; strong, coarse, angular blocky structure; no segregations; no roots, non-cemented and non-compacted; no coarse fragments; low porosity void.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0076

Described by: Hin Sarith

Date: 20/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 219871 mE 145673 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Kamrieng

Commune: Ta Saen

Village: Ou Chamlang

Site notes Farmer advised that Thai soil experts had done some field work in area (about 2003)

Disturbance: ploughing

Landform

Landform element: slope

Relief/modal slope: low-gradient footslope

Slope class: very gently sloping, 1-2%

Microrelief: low gilgai

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Physical properties: cracking surface

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: silt-, mud-, claystone

Vegetation

Crop: beans

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Vertisol

Local Soil Name: Kompong Siem, non gravelly phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
Ap1	0-13	dark brown (10YR 3/3 moist) clay; no mottles; hard dry consistence; moderate, fine, subangular blocky structure; very few segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) irregular white hard; common roots, fine, non-cemented and non-compacted; very few coarse fragments rounded large boulders; sharp, smooth boundary.
A2	13-38	brown (10YR 5/3 moist) heavy clay; no mottles; very hard moderately moist consistence; moderate, coarse, subangular and angular blocky structure; common segregations, fine carbonates (calcareous) nodule irregular white hard; few roots, fine, non-cemented and non-compacted; gradual, wavy boundary.
A3	38-100+	brown (10YR 5/3 moist) heavy clay; no mottles; firm moist consistence; strong, very coarse, angular blocky structure; few segregations, medium carbonates (calcareous) nodule irregular white hard; no roots, non-cemented and non-compacted.

Project & Site Code: ACIAR 0077

Described by: Hin Sarith

Date: 20/05/2005

Observation type/category: soil pit, full description

Location: Datum: IND60 Zone: 48 216149 mE 1469171 mN GPS measurement

Province: BATTAMBANG

District: Phnum Proek

Commune:

Village:

Site notes structured black clay on limestone colluvium below limestone hill.

Disturbance: borrow pit

Landform

Landform element: slope

Relief/modal slope: low-gradient footslope

Slope class: sloping 5-10%

Microrelief: uneven

Surface and Hydrological Properties

Rock outcrop: 2-5% few limestone, other carbonate rock

Surface coarse fragments: stones (>60 mm), 15-40%, subrounded, limestone, other carbonate rock.

Physical properties: self-mulching surface; somewhat excessively drained; 25-50 cm soil

Geology/parent material

Soil parent material: limestone, other carbonate rock

Geology: limestone, other carbonate rock

Notes: limestone

Vegetation

Crop: mung bean

Land use

Site: rainfed arable cultivation

Surrounds: rainfed arable cultivation

Current Classification

World Reference Base: (2006) Chernozem

Local Soil Name: Kompong Siem, non gravelly phase

Soil Profile Description

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1	0-25	very dark grey (7.5YR 3/1 moist) clay; slightly hard dry consistence; strong, medium, granular structure; few coarse fragments subrounded coarse gravel limestone, other carbonate rock; clear, smooth boundary.
A2	25-50	very dark grey (7.5YR 3/1 moist) clay; slightly hard moderately moist consistence; strong, medium, granular structure; few coarse fragments subrounded coarse gravel limestone, other carbonate rock; abrupt, smooth boundary.
AC	50-120+	light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4 moist); slightly hard moist consistence; few coarse fragments subrounded coarse gravel limestone, other carbonate rock.; slightly hard consistence.

Table 1. Results of laboratory analysis of soil profiles – Nutrients.

Site	Location	Cambodian Soil Type		Depth (cm)	Nitrogen			Phosphorous P (mg/kg)	Potassium K (mg/kg)	Sulphur S (mg/kg)	Copper Cu (mg/kg)	Zinc Zn (mg/kg)	Manganese Mn (mg/kg)	Iron Fe (mg/kg)	Boron B (mg/kg)
		Type	Phase		NO ₃ (mg/kg)	NH ₄ ⁺ (mg/kg)	Total N (%)								
31	Banan	Kompong Siem		0-8	12.0	7.0	0.12	18	142	4.1	1.29	0.4	7.97	5.11	0.4
				8-30	4.0	4.0	0.09	6	51	1.7	1.6	0.3	5.24	4.54	0.4
				30-45	7.0	2.0	0.06	3	42	1.4	1.76	0.21	3.12	5.81	0.3
				45+	1.0	1.0	0.02	3	17	1	0.44	0.19	1.28	1.05	0.2
33	Banan	Kompong Siem		0-3	11.0	8.0	0.15	18	247	17.8	3.15	0.7	11.16	9.48	0.3
				3-30	5.0	7.0	0.08	9	144	12.4	2.73	1.78	11.25	15.25	0.2
				30-60	1.0	3.0	0.03	2	53	32.3	1.11	0.11	4.22	2.74	0.1
				60-100	1.0	3.0	0.02	1	60	42.1	1.35	0.21	3.18	2.24	0.1
34	Banan	Toul Samrong		100-110	1.0	2.0	0.02	2	106	23.8	0.81	0.31	2.91	2.84	0.1
				0-10	6.0	8.0	0.1	7	124	3.9	2.31	0.72	207.95	60.91	0.3
				10-40	1.0	2.0	0.03	3	40	1.1	1.25	0.34	43.38	18.85	0.4
				40-80	1.0	4.0	0.03	2	50	1	1.25	0.45	34.99	12	0.3
42	Banan	Kiensvay		80-100+	1.0	3.0	0.02	1	62	1.1	1.41	0.48	28.46	11.91	0.2
				0-18	75.0	32.0	0.1	22	174	11.4	2.4	1.32	35.43	38.44	0.4
				18-60	1.0	1.0	0.04	20	105	2.4	3.46	0.75	22.1	38.23	0.4
				60-100	1.0	1.0	0.04	10	95	1.6	1.89	0.83	16.45	3.44	0.4

Table 2. Results of laboratory analysis of soil profiles – Exchangeable cations.

Site	Location	Cambodian Soil Type		Depth (cm)	Calcium Ca (meq/100g)	Magnesium Mg (meq/100g)	Sodium Na (meq/100g)	Potassium K (meq/100g)	Alumium Al (meq/100g)
		Type	Phase						
31	Banan	Kompong Siem		0-8	41.14	4.13	0.03	0.35	0
				8-30	44.18	0.96	0.04	0.14	0
				30-45	38.95	0.39	0.03	0.13	0
				45+	16.12	0.08	0.02	0.05	0
33	Banan	Kompong Siem		0-3	45.16	6.86	2.43	0.63	0
				3-30	40.93	7.94	5.95	0.4	0
				30-60	24.22	10.16	11.62	0.13	0
				60-100	17.25	14.86	18.28	0.15	0
				100-110	12.36	12.78	15.11	0.2	0
34	Banan	Toul Samrong		0-10	8.84	3.23	0.24	0.34	0
				10-40	5.1	1.48	0.64	0.08	2.02
				40-80	10.2	6.87	2.77	0.14	2.09
				80-100+	13.67	9.01	3.34	0.19	0.19
42	Banan	Kiensvay		0-18	12.13	5.71	0.26	0.4	0
				18-60	16.39	8.14	0.18	0.3	0.02
				60-100	19.88	7.79	0.17	0.3	0

Table 3. Results of laboratory analysis of soil profiles - Organic Carbon, Electrical Conductivity and pH.

Site	Location	Cambodian Soil Type		Depth (cm)	Organic Carbon (%)	EC (dS/m)	pH CaCl ₂	pH H ₂ O
		Type	Phase					
31	Banan	Kompong Siem		0-8	1.3	0.11	7.2	8.2
				8-30	0.9	0.063	7.3	8.3
				30-45	0.6	0.087	7.6	8.6
				45+	0.19	0.059	7.7	9
33	Banan	Kompong Siem		0-3	1.81	0.304	7.6	8.5
				3-30	0.89	0.272	7.9	9.1
				30-60	0.34	0.516	8.3	9.6
				60-100	0.33	0.491	8.4	10.1
				100-110	0.2	0.758	8.6	9.9
34	Banan	Toul Samrong		0-10	1.17	0.032	4.5	5.5
				10-40	0.34	0.009	4.2	6.3
				40-80	0.3	0.013	4.3	6.6
				80-100+	0.24	0.047	5.2	6.8
42	Banan	Kiensvay		0-18	1.1	0.175	5.6	6
				18-60	0.52	0.018	5.3	6.5
				60-100	0.41	0.023	6.3	7.4

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